GENERAL AGREEMENT ON TARIFFS AND TRADE

<u>CONFIDENTIAL</u> TEX.SB/906^{*} 31 October 1983

Textiles Surveillance Body

ARRANGEMENT REGARDING INTERNATIONAL TRADE IN TEXTILES

Report on the Status of Restrictive Measures as requested by the TSB in accordance with Article 11

Note by the Chairman

Attached is a report received by the Textiles Surveillance Body from India concerning the present status of its restrictions on trade in textiles and clothing. This report has been submitted in accordance with Article 11 of the Arrangement, and in particular paragraphs 11, 12 and 2 thereof.

See COM.TEX/SB/859, paragraph 17

²The previous report by India is contained in COM.TEX/SB/809/Add.7

^{*}English only/Anglais seulement

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H.S. Puri First Secretary PERMANENT MISSION OF NDIA 57
TO THE UNITED NATIONS OFFICES
9, RUE DU VALAIS
1202 GENEVA

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With reference to your letter
No.TS/140-1 dated June 28, 1983, I am
forwarding herewith the relevant information
in respect of India as required by the TSB
from participating countries in terms of
obligations of Article 11 of the M.F.A.

2. The three columns, viz., levels of imports affected in quantity and/or value, effective date of entry, and expiry date have been left out as these are not applicable in the case of India.

Mr. M. Raffaelli Chairman Textiles Surveil GATT Secretariat GENEVA

Encl: As above.

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FORMATION REQUIRED BY THE TEXTILE SELLIANCE BODY IN TERMS OF ARTICLE 11 OF THE M.F.A.

GATT, MFA or other provisions	CCCN NO. or other categori- sationy	•
Article ! III Section B of GATT	51.01	Yarn of synthetic (man-made) fibres (continuous)
	51.02	Monofil, strip(arti- ficial straw and the like) and imitation catgut, of man-made fibre materials.
	51.03	Yarn of man-made fibres (continuous) put up for retail sale.
	56.01	Man-made fibres (dis- continous) not carded, combed or otherwise prepared for spinning,
1,	56,02	Continous filament tow for manufacture of man-made fibres (discontinous).
	56.03 X 56.04 X	Waste of man-made fibres (continuous
		Yarn of man-made fibres (discontinous)

Type of measure applied

Country

Imports of -

All Sources

- (a) All synthetic non-cellulose fibres excluding Polyester fibre/tow, polynosic fibre/tow, nylon fibre/tow, acrylic fibre/tow and polypropylene fibre/tow;
- (b) Nylon filament yarn and thread (excluding base flat first quality (fully/partially oriented) and industrial nylon yarn of 210 denier and above; and
- (c) Polyester filament yarn excluding base flat first quality (fully/partially oriented).

are made directly by the public sector agency - State Trading Corporation of India under the Open General Licence under the liberalised import policy since 1976-77. The policy for canalisation through public sector agencies has been evolved with a view to effecting economical imports for the Actual Users to the extent required, securing most favourable terms. Purchases by the public sector agencies are guided by normal commercial considerations and are entirely non-discriminatory in nature.

Polypropylene/Polyethylene filament yarn(all types) appears in the list of Automatic permissible items. Licences are issued on the basis of annual requirements as determined by past consumption of the industry. Supplementary licences can also be claimed by the actual users to meet their residual requirements, if any.

Import of synthetic tops/spun yarn/waste(except Nylon waste) is banned except for export production or for meeting essential requirements in exceptional circumstances. Import of nylon waste is allowed under OGL for Actual Users engaged in recovery of caprolactum.

Cellulosic tops/spun yarn/waste has been put in the banned list. Also second grade viscose fllament yarn below 600 denier excluding first quality has been canalised. Imports of man-made fibres/yarns, which are not prohibited, restricted or canalised is allowed under Open General Licence by Actual Users (Industrial), subject to

GATT, MFA or other provisions	CCCN NO or othe categor sation		 ~		country affected	
			Hou	tual User condition and Export Houses/Trading use against REP/Additional, licences, as per licy for stock and sale to eligible actual ers subject to the conditions laid down.		
	51.04	Woven fabrics of man-made fibres (continuous) including woven fabrics of heading No. 51.01 or 02.		Import not permissible except for export production.		
	53.01	Sheep's or Lambs' wool - raw wool		Import allowed under Open General Licences to Actual Users/Export House/Trading House subject to conditions laid down.		
	53.03	Waste of sheep's or lambs' wool		Import not permissible except for export		
	53.05	Sheep's or lambs' wool carded or combed ?		production		
	53.06/ 53.10	Woollen yarn Î				
	53.07	Worsted yarn				
	53.11	Woven fabrics of wool Î				
	55.05 X 55.06 X	Cotton yarn	*	Limited Permissible Item	All Sources	
	55.07	Cotton gauze	*)	Not permissible	All Sources	
	55.08	Terry towelling and similar terry fabrics of cotton	* }	for import.		
	55.09	Other woven fabrics of cotton	*)			
	56.07	Woven fabrics of man-made fibres (discontious)	· X	Import not permissible except for export production	All Sourc es	
	58.01 to Carpets, tapestries, narrow fabrics, etc. 58.10 60.01 to Knitted and crocheted goods 60.08 61.01 to Articles of apparel and clothing accessories 61.11 of textile fabrics, other than knitted or crocheted goods.			i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i		
				s X X		
	62.01 to Other made up textile articles like rugs, be 62.05 linen, curtains, furnishing articles, etc.		ed j			
	G2 • 05	Talling alticles, Btc.		•••/-		

- * 1. An actual user (industrial) holding an automatic licence can, however, import within the value of the licence, limited permissible items as are needed for the manufacturing process upto a value of Rs. 1,50,000 for a single item provided the total of all items imported does not exceed 10% of the value of the licence. Supplementary licences may also be obtained in case of need.
 - Registered Exporters are permitted to obtain Import Replenishment (REP) licences which are valid for importation from any source of limited permissible items, banned items and canalised items necessary for the production of the particular export products.
 - 3. India's import restrictions on textiles, along with restrictions on other imports are maintained for balance of payments reasons. Details of various measures are described in the Import Policy of India published annually by the Department of Commerce, Government of India.